CTK 380.3 Introduction to Game Design Course Syllabus

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IMPORTANT: Some parts of this syllabus have been redacted.

COURSE OVERVIEW

Description

This course provides theoretical background and craft-based foundation for designing and analyzing games. The course examines fundamental domains that are necessary to understand what games are and how they affect players. The course explains the core elements of game design, including goals, rules, environment, and resources, and introduces students to formal abstract design tools that can be used in game design to systematically capture these elements. We will explore several models of design process and iteration, including ideation, basic prototyping, iteration based on playtesting, participatory design practices, and formative evaluation methods. The students will practice game design in groups by developing game concepts and by creating analog game prototypes.

Learning Objectives

After the course, you should be able to:

- Understand the basic concepts and core elements of game design
- Analyze a game experience based on several dimensions, including but not limited to player behavior, mechanics, learning, culture, and interface design
- Understand the psychological and phenomenological dimensions of gameplay and its effects
- Acquire the ability to apply design tools and methods
- Formalize game concepts in a manner that is easily transmissible and clearly understandable by a large team
- Apply several models of design process and iteration and realize where in the design process you are (e.g., success or failure)

Delivery

The course will be taught in a combination of lecture and in-class and out-of-class assignments that demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the subject through applying the concepts. Students are expected to apply concepts learnt and identify them in existing or newly designed games.

GRADING POLICY

Grading Table

Item	Points
Attendance & Class Participation	20
Game Project #1 (High Mechanics, Low Context)	20
Game Project #2 (Low Mechanics, High Context)	20
Game Project #3 (High Mechanics, High Context OR Free Form)	40
Total	100

Game Project

Each game project will be developed by a group of up to 2-4 students. A project includes the following deliverables:

- **Rules Document and simple marketing materials:** A clean and comprehensive rulebook that will be used for blind playtests, as well as a key sellsheet (e.g., logo, photo, slogan, features, etc.).
- **Playtest Report:** A testing report discussing the methods used and test results with at least a few different user groups.
- **Game and postmortem:** A team presentation of a playable prototype of the game in class as well as a project postmortem. The team will prepare and present an analysis and reflection of their project process: what worked well, what didn't, and what the team learned.

For both projects you are encouraged to create a novel experience by creating a game that does not resemble existing practices in the game industry. You could create a game around a new and unexplored theme, develop an innovative game mechanic or a twist on a traditional game mechanic, or build a new interaction paradigm. You must work with the following constraints:

- No killing or shooting; and
- Military simulations; and
- No zombies or ogres or other stereotypical "fantasy" villains; and
- If you will work on a digital game, it needs to be on a platform that is easy to access and use—web is the optimal platform for this.

The first three constraints are to force you to consider less obvious ideas and to avoid game clichés. The third constraint is to make sure that everyone has access to the game you have created. For both projects keep in mind to keep it simple. Note that you can request to bend the first three constraints, but if you choose to do so, you are making it more difficult for yourself to provide the level of creativity that earns the highest grades.

Game Project #1 (High Mechanics, Low Context)

Design & develop a game with high mechanics (high does not necessarily mean numerous; here, it especially means well-crafted, balanced, unique, and fun) but low context (low context means game ideas that has small to no narrative, storytelling or character, world, location designs, etc.). Examples to high mechanics and low context games are chess, *Tetris, Blokus, Zendo, Hanabi*, most card and dice games. (One could argue that even *Settlers of Catan...*!)

Game Project #2 (Low Mechanics, High Context)

Design & develop a game with low mechanics but high context. Examples are A Murder Most Fowl, Wizard's Apprentice, Look to the Skies, Shoutdown to Destruction, etc.

Game Project #3 (High Mechanics, High Context OR Free Form)

Design & develop a game with both high mechanics and context. Examples are *Lords of Waterdeep*, *Gloomhaven*, etc. Alternatively, you can create your own focus.

Deliverables can and should be discussed with the instructor prior to scheduling a formal presentation. Once the team formally presents them before class, they will be critiqued on content and presentation and be graded.

Game Project Rubric Details

Item	Points		
Rulebook (How well written and comprehensive is the rulebook?)	10		
Playtest report (How well written and comprehensive is the report?)	15		
Quality of the final product (How pleasant and exceptional was the aesthetic experience of the	15		
game?)	15		
Usability and user experience of the final game (Does the game work well and does it facilitate	15		
the intended aesthetic experience to its players?)	15		
Innovation of the final game (Does the game play with or undermine game conventions, or			
explore untapped aspects of the familiar?)	15		
Completeness of the final game (How complete is the prototype and what functionalities have	15		
been implemented?)	15		
Cohesion of the final game (To what extent does the game look and feel as a coherent and	15		
consistent whole, across mechanics, look and feel, audio elements, narrative elements, etc.?)	15		
Total	100%		

Your final grade is calculated by summing all the acquired points and by converting them to a letter grade. You should not expect a curve to be applied.

—	100-90
_	89 -80
_	79-70
_	69-60
_	50 and below
_	Incomplete

SCHEDULE

W	D	Classroom Activity	Readings / To-Dos	Projects
1	#1	Discussions: - Student self-introductions - Curriculum overview and expectations from the course - Who is a game designer?		
	#2	Design Exercise: Randomness or Decisions (or Both)? Discussions: - Information vs. No Information Games - Understanding randomness, risk taking - Designing interesting decisions		
2	#1	 Project progress: Present your top/bottom 5 ideas Students will discuss the ideas and form groups around selected ones 	50 Game Ideas: Create your 50 HM/LC Game Ideas list.	Ideas & form groups for P#1

		Discussions:		
		- The essential experience		
		- Gaming emotions		
		- Elemental tetrad		
	#2	Design Exercise:	- Read the rules for	
		Mod a Game (Blokus, Hanabi, or Zendo)	Blokus, Hanabi, and	
			Zendo	
		Discussions:	- Read Bjork &	
		- What is fun?	Holopainen's "Game	
		- Types of Fun	Design Patterns"	
			_	
3	#1	NO CLASS – Labor Day		
	#2	Project progress:	- Read Costikyan's "I	Progress Undate
	π <i>Δ</i>	Short progress undates in class	Have No Words & I Must	for P#1
		Short progress updates in class	Design "	101 1 // 1
		Design Exercise:		
		Add a Rule $\#1, \#2, \text{ and } \#3$		
		Discussions:		
		- Designing / Understanding Rules		
		- Designing / Understanding Goals		
4	#1	Project progress:	- Read Hunicke, LeBlanc,	Prototype for P#1
		- Check the prototypes in class	and Zubek's "MDA	
			Framework"	
		Discussions:		
		- MDA Framework		
		- Unification and resonance		
	#2	Design Exercise:	- Read Birdwell's "The	
		100 Zombies	cabal: Valve's design	
			process for creating Half-	
		Discussions:	Life."	
		- Iterative Design and playtesting		
		- Game loops		
5	#1	Project progress:	- Read the rules for	Playtest results for
•	"1	- Present playtest results and discuss	Carcassonne	P#1 and iteration
		iterations		plan
				F
		Discussions:		
		- Emergence		
		Game play:		
		Carcassonne		
	#2	Project progress:	- Read the rules for	
1		- Blind playtests of P#1s in class	Settlers of Catan	

		Discussions:	- Watch: James Paul Gee	
		- Designing for skills	on learning and games	
		- Learning and curves		
		Game play:		
		Settlers of Catan		
6	#1	Project progress:	50 Game Ideas:	- Submit P#1
		- Present your top/bottom 5 ideas	Create your 50 LM/HC	- Ideas & form
		- Students will discuss ideas and form	Game Ideas list.	groups for P#2
		groups around selected ones		
			- Watch: Nick Yee on	
		Discussions:	"Gamer Motivation	
		- Player types and personas, 1 of 2	Profile Findings"	
	#2	Discussions.	Read the rules for Puerto	
	112	- Player types and personas 2 of 2	Rico	
		The of the stand personal, 2 of 2	- Read Short's	
		Game play:	"Maximizing the Impact	
		Puerto Rico	of Procedural	
			Personalities."	
7	#1	Project progress:	- Read the rules for Ticket	Progress Update
		- Progress update in class	to Ride	for P#2
		Diamatica	- Watch Scott Rigby on	
		Discussions:	Diaver Metivation:	
		- Flayer motivations and mental processes	Implications for Design	
		Game play:	and Player Retention"	
		Ticket to Ride		
	#2	Design Exercise		
		Text-only mechanics		
		Visual-only mechanics		
		Diamariana		
		Discussions:		
		game designs		
8	#1	Project progress:	- Watch: Mitu	Prototype for P#2
		- Check the prototypes in class	Khandaker-Kors on	
			"Thinking About People:	
		Discussions:	Designing Games for	
		- Narrative, 1 of 2	Social Simulation"	
	#2	Discussions:	- Read the rules for Lords	
		- Narrative, 2 of 2	of Waterdeep	
		Game check:		
		Lords of Waterdeep		

9	#1	Project progress:	- Read the rules for	Playtest results for
		- Present playtest results and discuss	Gloomhaven	P#2 and iteration
		iterations		plan
		Game check:		
		Gloomhaven		
	#2	Project progress:		
		- Blind playtests of P#2s in class		
10	#1	Project progress:	50 Game Ideas:	- Submit P#2
		- Present your top/bottom 5 ideas	Create your 50 HM/HC	- Ideas & form
		- Students will discuss ideas and form	Game Ideas list.	groups for P#3
		groups around selected ones		
	#2	Discussions:		
		- Balance, ratios, and fairness		
		Design Exercise:		
		Us vs. It		
11	<i>#</i> 1	Dec :		Due ences II. dete
11	#1	Project progress:	- Read the rules for	Progress Update
		- Short progress update in class	Diplomacy	IOT P#3
		Como chocke		
		Game check:		
		Dipionacy		
	#2	Discussions	- Read the rules for Love	
	11 2	- The Future! (of Game Design)	Letter	
		Game check:		
		Love Letter		
12	#1	Project progress:		Prototype A for
		- Check the prototypes in class		P#3
	#2	Discussions:	- Read the rules for Secret	
		- Ethics and Cultural Scene of Game	Hitler	
		Design	- Read Microsoft's	
			Inclusive design approach	
		Game check:		
		Secret Hitler		
13	#1	Project progress:	- Read Chris Wright: A	Playtest results for
		- Present playtest results and discuss	Brief History of Mobile	P#3 Prototype A
		iterations	Games: In the beginning,	and iteration plan
			there was Snake	
		Discussions:		
		- mansition into digital game design, 1/2		
1	1		1	

	#2	Discussions: - Transition into digital game design, 2/2	- Read Logan Rivenes, "The History of Online Gaming."	
14	#1	 Project progress: Blind playtests of P#3 Prototype Bs in class Discussions: Analog and digital interfaces 		Prototype B for P#3
	#2	Discussions: - Economics and business of games Design Exercise: Game Design Jam		
15		NO CLASS – Thanksgiving		
16	#1	 Project progress: Present playtest results and discuss iterations Discussions: Short introduction to level design and expanding content 		Playtest results for P#3 Prototype B and iteration plan
	#2	Discussions: - Final comments - Review and blindtest of P#3s		

Finalize and submit your final projects (P#3) till the end of finals week!

We will arrange a final play day for all the projects throughout the semester where we invite other students and faculty members to playtest your games. Time and location to be finalized.